

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1843.

Vol. XXXVII. No. 5734.

號九十月一十年一十八百八十一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1881.

日八初月十一年已辛

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. GEORGE STEPHEN & CO., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOLCH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES, HENRY & CO., 67, Walbrook, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & CO., 160 & 164, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—GALLIEN & PRINCE, 38, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO, and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAYLE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HENKINS & CO., Macao.

CHINA.—MACAO, MESSRS. A. DE MELO & CO., S. S. CAMPBELL & CO., AMOY, WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO., FOOCHEW, HENGE & CO., SHANGHAI, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, YOKOHAMA, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., MACAO.

## Banks.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPT DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

RECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION of 30th APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....\$2,200,000.  
RESERVE FUND.....\$200,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, RUE BERGERE,  
PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at:  
LONDON, BOURBON, SAN FRANCISCO,  
MARMILLLES, BOMBAY, HONGKONG,  
LYON, CALCUTTA, HANKOW,  
NANTES, SHANGHAI, FOOCHEW,  
MELBOURNE, and SYDNEY.

LONDON BANKERS:  
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,  
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,  
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO, & SON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Business.

E. SCHWEBELIN,  
Agent, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, April 12, 1881.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$1,500,000.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum.  
" 12 " " 5% " "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

GEO. O. SCOTT,  
Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,  
Hongkong, September 4, 1878.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000 Dollars.  
RESERVE FUND.....\$1,000,000 Dollars.

COUNCIL OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—A. MOLYER, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—H. L. DALMUYL, Esq.  
Hon. E. R. BELLIOR, Hon. F. B. JOHNSON,  
H. de C. FORBES, W. M. BRENNAN, Esq.  
H. HOPFUS, Esq. F. D. BASSON, Esq.  
W. S. YOUNG, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER,  
Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER,  
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit, Account at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits—

For 3 months' 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 12 " " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILL DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Office of the Corporation,  
No. 1, Queen's Road East,  
Hongkong, August 18, 1881.

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.

I HAVE this Day ESTABLISHED  
a new MERCHANT and GENERAL  
WAREHOUSE, under the Style of  
H. H. YOUNG & CO.

HERBERT H. YOUNG,  
Canton, September 1, 1881.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been appointed  
SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their  
GOODS by Messrs. KNOCH & CO., of  
WORCESTER, ENGLAND.

W. MEYER & CO.

Hongkong, August 18, 1881.

## Auctions.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY,

the 30th November, 1881, at 2 p.m., at his Sales Rooms, Queen's Road,

An Invoice of

JAPANESE PAPER LANTERNS.  
TERMS OF SALE—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,  
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, November 28, 1881. no30

## For Sale.

## CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

JUST RECEIVED—A Parcel of Splendidly Assorted FANCY GOODS, Suitable for CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR PRESENTS.

Also, A Large Assortment of TOYS in endless variety.

Our General Drapery, Silk and Dress Departments have been Newly furnished by the

Last French and English Mails.

BLACK SILKS and SATINS.

MORIE STRIPED SILKS and SATINS (very fashionable).

STRIPED VELVETS

EMBOSSED VELVETS and VELVETEENS.

NUN'S VEILING.

BLACK SILK VELVETS and VELVETEENS.

NEW DRESS GOODS, in the latest Novelties, from 25

cents per Yard.

FLANNELS, BLANKETS, BED and TABLE LINENS, &c., &c.

Also, FANCY LACE GOODS, a very large Assortment.

A Large Lot of WOOL and CREWEL WORK at Half-price.

## ROSE AND COMPANY,

31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, November 25, 1881.

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## Intimations.

### Intimations.

### TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

### Intimations.

## For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.  
HAVE RECEIVED FOR SALE,  
Ex French Mail Steamer.

Fine ISIGNY BUTTER.  
NOLLY PLATT'S VERMOUTH.

Ex S. S. "Glencoe."

W. V. LEE & S. CO.

BRECH-LOADING GUNS.  
CENTRAL FIRE.

Ex S. S. "Ulysses."

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in  
5 and 10 catty Boxes.

BREAKFAST OONGOU @ 25 cents p. lb.

Ex "Highlander."

At WHOLESALE PRICES.

200 kgs Fine American FURNISHING  
NAILS, Nos. 3 to 12.

25 American SPIKES, 4 inches to  
7 inches.

50 barrels Prime American MEAT PORK.

60 Philadelphia Extra BEEF.

200 Finest Strained ROSIN.

300 City PITCH.

150 cases SPIRITS of TURPENTINE.

100 barrels Dried APPLES.

500 cases FLORIDA WATER.

50 barrels American TAR.

15 LAMP BLACK.

50 cases American CLOCKS.

COTTON DUCK, Canned BEEF, MUTTON, OYSTERS, LOBSTERS, CORN, TOMATOES, Corned BEEF, Condensed MILK, Tomato CATSUP, HANSDPIKES, OAKUM, ASH OARS, MAPLE, ASH, and White Pine PLANKS.

Ex "Abbie Carter."

Florence COOKING STOVES,  
STEAMERS and BRAILERS.

CORN BROOMS.

India Rubber KNEE BOOTS.

AGATEWARE, in every variety of Kitchen Utensils.

Charter Oak COOKING STOVES.

Spartan COOKING STOVES.

BOURBON WHISKY.

Ex Steamers and Suez Canal.

DOUGLASS' OFFICE CHAIRS.

MUSIN GARDNER & Co.'s PERFORATED VENEER.

HIGH REVOLVING OFFICE CHAIRS.

HIGH-BACK OFFICE CHAIRS.

ROCKING FOLDING CHAIRS.

DINING-ROOM CHAIRS.

LADIES' ROCKING CHAIRS.

The above we can highly recommend for office and domestic use, being admirably adapted to this climate.

Ex "Jennifer."

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD STORES.

TEYSONNAUD'S DESSERT FRUITS.

SAVOURY PATE.

GAME PATE.

POKE PATE.

OX PALATES.

HUNG (Hambo') BEEF.

HUNTER & PLUMES BISCUITS.

FRUITS for Ices.

SHERBET.

COCAOTINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.

Eris's COCOA.

ROBINSON'S GROATS.

GELATINE.

Russia OX-TONGUES.

French PLUMS.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

SARDINES.

ANCHOVIES.

Breakfast BACON.

ASPARAGUS.

MACCARONI.

VERMICELLI.

SAUSAGES.

MEATS.

SOUPS, &c., &c.

COPYING PRESSES.

EX AMERICAN MAIL.

Eastern and Californian CHEESE.

Boneless CODFISH.

Fine HAMS and BACON.

Russian CAVIARE.

Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.

PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Family PIG-PORK, in bags and pieces.

Paragon MACARONI.

Beef Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.

Cutting's Dessert FRUITS in 2½ lb cans.

Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage MEAT.

Stuffed PEPPERS.

Assorted PICKLES.

MINCERMEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Frames.

Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted MEATS.

Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.

Lauch TONGUE.

Assorted American SYRUPS, for Sum-

mers Drinks.

McCarty's Sugar LEMONADE.

Cream CHOWDER.

Codfish BALLS.

Green TURTLE in 2½ lb cans.

CALIFORNIA CRACKER.

COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb

tins, and loose.

Alphabetical BIS-

CUITS.

Fancy Sweet Mixed

BISCUITS.

Ginger CAKES.

Soda BISCUITS.

Oyster BISCUITS.

Creamed WHEAT.

OATMEAL.

HOMINY.

CORNMEAL.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

EYE MEAL.

SPICEDLY SELECTED

I G A B S.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, AND

AERATED WATERS.

SHIPCHANDLERY of every Description.

RIGGING and RAIL-MAKING promptly

executed.

Hongkong, September 24, 1881.

## Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE  
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP  
COMPANY.

THROUGH to NEW YORK, via  
OVERLAND RAILWAYS, and TOUCHING  
AT YOKOHAMA, and SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail-Steamer CITY OF  
TOKIO will be despatched for San  
Francisco, via Yokohama, on FRIDAY,  
the 2nd December, 1881, at 4 p.m., taking  
Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the  
United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-  
portation to Yokohama and other Japan  
Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlanta and  
Inland Cities of the United States, via Over-  
land Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and  
Mendoza, and to ports in Mexico, Central  
and South America, by the Company's and  
connecting Steamers.

On prepaid Passage Tickets a Reduction  
of 20% is made.

Freight will be received on board until 4  
p.m. on the 1st Decr., Proximo. Parcel Packages  
will be received at the office until 5 p.m.,  
same day; all Parcel Packages should be  
marked to address in full, value of same  
is required.

Consignee Invoices to accompany Overland  
Cargo should be sent to the Company's  
Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the  
Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage  
and Freight, apply to the Agency of the  
Company, No. 50, Queen's Road Central.

F. E. FOSTER,  
Gen. Agent for China & Japan.  
Hongkong, November 24, 1881.

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## Insurances.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE  
COMPANY  
(FIRE AND LIFE).

CAPITAL—Two MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Underwriters are prepared to grant  
POLICIES against the Risk of FIRE on  
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on  
Goods on board Vessels, and on Hulls of  
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms  
and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Insurances will be re-  
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors for  
their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on  
first class Lives up to £1,000 on a Single

Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-  
posals or any other information, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,  
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.  
Hongkong, January 4, 1881.

de2

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE  
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and  
Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

THE Underwriters are prepared to grant  
POLICIES against the Risk of FIRE on  
Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, or  
on Goods on board Vessels, and on Hulls of  
Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms  
and Conditions.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-  
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ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,  
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.  
Hongkong, November 24, 1881.

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## NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES  
MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR

SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,

POINT DE GALLE, COLOMBO,

ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT

SAYID, SYRIAN PORTS, NAPLES,

MARSEILLE, PORTS OF BRAZIL,

AND LA PLATA.

STEAM FOR

SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,

POINT DE GALLE, COLOMBO,

ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT

SAYID, SYRIAN PORTS, NAPLES,

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STEAM FOR

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ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT

# THE CHINA MAIL

No. 6784 — NOVEMBER 29, 1881.]

Saturday, Tuesday and Wednesday the 3rd, and 7th of December.

We are authorized to state that the case of Captain E. E. Ellet has been settled by a complete resignation of and apology for the statements complained of. In connection with the above settlement, we are also informed that one of the terms provides for the cancellation of a despatch bearing upon the subject matter of the case, addressed by H. E. the Governor to the Secretary of State.

We learn that Paymaster Sergeant Gamble, of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, who a short time since was selected for a Commission by the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, has passed a very successful examination to qualify him for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant. We heartily congratulate him on his well-merited success, and wish him every prosperity in his new career, which will, we are sure, be re-iterated by many friends in the Colony.

An action came on before Mr. Justice Russell to-day for the return of certain bargain money on the ground that the contract had been rescinded. It was stated that the defendant in the case intended to bring a counter action for specific performance, and as this would necessitate two hearings going over the same ground, it was agreed to transfer the matter to the other Court, so that both actions should be heard together.

Mr. Hayllar, instructed by Messrs. Sharp-Toler & Johnson, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Francis, instructed by Messrs. Stephens and Holmes, for the defendants.

Under date Shanghai, 24th inst., a correspondent writes: "The Princes have disappointed us; they did not land, but went off shooting, not to return till 2nd Dec. (missing Caledonian Ball). There will be a public ball given to the Squadron at the Club on the 5th; and they leave for Hongkong on the 6th Dec., further plans not discoverable." Admiral Clunwilliam seems to object to any official receptions.

We think that the Reception Committee should at once see to this, and obtain telegraphic assurances as to the Princes' movements. It might save much trouble and expense.

## SAFE RETURN OF MESSRS SCHMIDT AND RAPP.

A general sense of relief was felt in the city this morning on its becoming generally known that Messrs Schmidt and Rapp had returned to Hongkong by the *Chinkiang* safe and uninjured. The general feeling yesterday evening after the arrival of the *Ching* with no news was of the most depressing nature, and it was freely said by the police that hopes of their return were then almost nil. Now that the missing gentlemen have turned up it would seem that the whole affair has arisen out of a misunderstanding, probably one on each side. The Canton River swarms with salt and opium smugglers, and Revenue Cruisers are constantly on the lookout for boats of that description. On Saturday evening when nearing Deep Bay the attention of the *Chong* was directed by one of the boatmen to two small junks, or large *hau-ka* boats approaching to within unnecessary closeness. At first they were assumed to be Revenue Cruisers, but almost immediately afterwards they opened fire upon the excursionists, who they had evidently mistaken for smugglers; while they, on the other hand, immediately put down the cruisers as pirates and ran before the wind, making all possible haste to get away.

Thus the origin of the whole of the unusual and unpleasant surmises lies in the fact that each party mistook the real character of the other. The shooting party say they were never hailed, while the other side may assert that they hailed but received no reply, and that they then had resort to the use of firearms. Be this as it may, a chase was commenced and an escape attempted, and shots were exchanged.

Mr. Schmidt, firing a dozen rounds from a breech-loading repeater, twice during the course of their flight the occupants of the supposed smugglers sought the protection of larger craft; the first was that of a large junk, who, however, also mistook their character and opened a fire upon them from heavy guns, and they were glad to sheer off. Shortly afterwards the lights of a steamer now in sight, which afterwards proved to be those of the *Chinkiang* bound for Canton. An attempt to run alongside of the *Chong* was made, and efforts to communicate with those on board, but unfortunately steamer passing up and down these waters are so accustomed to witness frequent fights between cruisers and smugglers that no notice was taken of the miniature naval engagement, although so well within range of their fire that a bullet went whizzing across the steamer, *Ching*, almost amidships. Besides Messrs Schmidt and Rapp there were on board three men, a woman, and three children. By one of the first volleys the steersman was knocked over, and the other two men took refuge below, where they remained under cover, leaving the handling of the boat to the woman and one of the children. During the exchange of shots with their pursuers the two women unconscoius themselves as well as they could behind boxes, and trunks, bed bolts, and what other gear they could find to form temporary cover, but there were doubtless over one thousand rounds from long to this little steamer, as the hull of the *Chong* was hit in many places while the sails were

perfectly riddled with shot. The junk and steamer having both failed to recognise the fact that assistance was needed, it was then determined to beach the boat, and no sooner had this been accomplished than the two men below came up, and jumping over-

board made for the shore. The woman and the children went off in a small boat, so that on the cruisers also grounding, in the chase and running up alongside, there were only Messrs Schmidt and Rapp and the wounded, if not already dead, steersman.

Firing ceased and the occupants of the cruisers came on board, when to their utter astonishment they found two Europeans where they expected only to find smugglers. Neither party could well understand the other, the cruisers however, pointed to their lamp bearing Chinese characters, and by signs gave it out that the lamp had not been paid attention to; while on the other hand it was attempted to make them understand that it was impossible to discern the character in the darkness. Things having now assumed a more tranquil and friendly tone, the woman and children were induced to come on board again, but the man who had also gone ashore was nowhere to be found, having crossed along at full speed, until, as we already know, they found the means of returning to Hongkong and putting the community into a state of perturbation that might have been avoided had they not been so precipitate in their flight. The Cruisers considered a Sikh, and can scarcely speak English. When I arrived at the station I found Inspector Fleming and a party turned out. As soon as I got ammunition I joined them, and went to where deceased was lying. He was then conveyed to the station. He spoke to one of the Sikh policemen in Hindostani on his way to the station. On arrival there he frequently sang out for water, and I gave him brandy and water. He was bleeding profusely from both sides and seemed in much pain, and could not bear to be touched. On arriving at the station he was placed in an ambulance and taken to the hospital overland.

We started about three o'clock, and when at the foot of Happy Valley, on the way to hospital, he died. This would be about six o'clock; we arrived at the hospital at quarter past seven. The place where deceased was found wounded was about fifty yards from the nearest house of Tai-tan village. I saw no one about from the time I heard the first shot till I returned to the station, except the constable from No. 167a.

The village was quiet before the shots were fired; but a few minutes after I went up to the constable the whole village seemed to have turned out, and I heard women's voices shouting. This was after I had fired my revolver. I did not hear that anything particular had taken place until the occupant of the house attacked came to report the matter to the Inspector, some time afterwards. I know the house well; it was about one hundred and thirty yards from where I found the wounded constable.

Chin Afo said; he was master of an opium shop at Stanley. His family house was at Tai-tan village. On the evening of the 26th, about seven o'clock, the doors of the family house were shut, and the house made fast for the night. There were in the house besides himself, his daughter aged 8 years, his niece aged 11, two servant girls about 17 or 18, and an old woman who looks after the children. These were about one people in the house that night. After shutting up the house all went to bed.

About half-past one next morning witness was woken up by hearing a noise, and a voice calling out "Save life" and "Help." There were sounds both outside and inside the house. A lot of people were inside. The house is a one-storyed building divided into two parts. It has an entrance door in front. In the room in front, to the right and left, the old woman, the servant girls and his niece slept. After passing these rooms, to get to the back it is necessary to go through the whole length of the house. Witness occupied this part of the house with his daughters. It is divided by a wall from the other part of the house. The door was fastened on the night of the robbery. Witness on hearing the noise got up and on doing so he found them trying to break open the door. They were making a great noise. Witness called out "Brothers, you need not break open the door; I will open it for you." He did so, and as he did this one of the thieves rushed in with a revolver, in front of him. The seventh prisoner is the man who aimed at witness with a spear. Of this witness was quite certain. There was plenty of light. This man was followed in by about ten other men, some of whom were armed with drawn swords; others had lighted paper torches; one had a revolver in his hand; and some had shields and swords. The seventh was the only prisoner witness could identify. When they got inside the room one of them asked "Where is your money?" This man was armed with two swords. Witness replied "In the room." They began to ransack the room and seized everything they could find—some women's clothes, five silver hair pins and earrings, and a few dollars—the total value being about \$40. They were only about five minutes in this room. Witness kept quiet, as the seventh prisoner had lifted the tiles over a room in which he was a cupboard, by which they descended. They did not hurt witness's child, but took them two silver bangles from her. When they had gone he proceeded to the Police Station to make a report. The thief when they took the tiles on the right of the house, the Stanley Police Station being on the left. None of the robbers were *Tyans* people, not Stanley people. Witness could identify the man who had the revolver.

By defendant: "You never bought me clothes from me before. You applied to me on a former occasion, and I asked the coolie to go with you, but I did not tell him not to go with the cloth until he got the money." The coolie told me you had not paid for the piece of grass cloth that was paid for.

Defendant admitted being asleep; he was sick.

Fined \$2, in default seven days' imprisonment with hard labour.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

Richard Auguste, a seaman serving on board the French flag-ship *Thémis*, was charged with being drunk and disorderly, and assaulting the police in the execution of their duty, and also with refusing to pay to the police a European called attention to the prisoner and ordered him to be taken to the station.

Defendant admitted being asleep; he was sick.

Fined \$2, in default seven days' imprisonment with hard labour.

BOOGIES AND VAGABONDS.

Yik Awong, unemployed, and Man Sun Fook, a coolie, were sentenced, the former to twenty one, the latter to fourteen days' imprisonment with hard labour; having been found engaged in gambling in the public streets on the 23rd and 20th inst.

OBTAINING GOODS UNDER FAKE PRETENCES.

E. F. Martin, a watchman, unemployed, was charged with obtaining goods to the value of \$10.25 under false pretences on the 6th instant.

Ho Acong, a salesman in a piece goods shop in Jervis Street, said defendant came into the shop on the forenoon of the 6th instant, and asked to look at some grass cloth which he wished to select for a European. Witness sent a coolie with two rolls of cloth, worth \$20, to the defendant to show the stuff to the intending purchaser. Shortly afterwards the coolie returned with one piece only. The coolie returned with one piece only. From what he said the matter was at once reported to the police. The police sent for witness yesterday, and on his going to the station he identified the prisoner as the man who got away the grass cloth.

By defendant: "You never bought me clothes from me before. You applied to me on a former occasion, and I asked the coolie to go with you, but I did not tell him not to go with the cloth until he got the money."

Defendant said he did not know what he was doing.

Fined \$5 for assaulting the police, in default seven days' imprisonment with hard labour; to pay \$3.50 awards for damage to the Post Office; and ten cents for jury-fee, or seven days' further imprisonment.

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By defendant: "You never bought me clothes from me before. You applied to me on a former occasion, and I asked the coolie to go with you, but I did not tell him not to go with the cloth until he got the money."

Defendant said he did not know what he was doing.

Fined \$5 for assaulting the police, in default seven days' imprisonment with hard labour; to pay \$3.50 awards for damage to the Post Office; and ten cents for jury-fee, or seven days' further imprisonment.

BOOGIES AND VAGABONDS.

Yik Awong, unemployed, and Man Sun Fook, a coolie, were sentenced, the former to twenty one, the latter to fourteen days' imprisonment with hard labour; having been found engaged in gambling in the public streets on the 23rd and 20th inst.

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